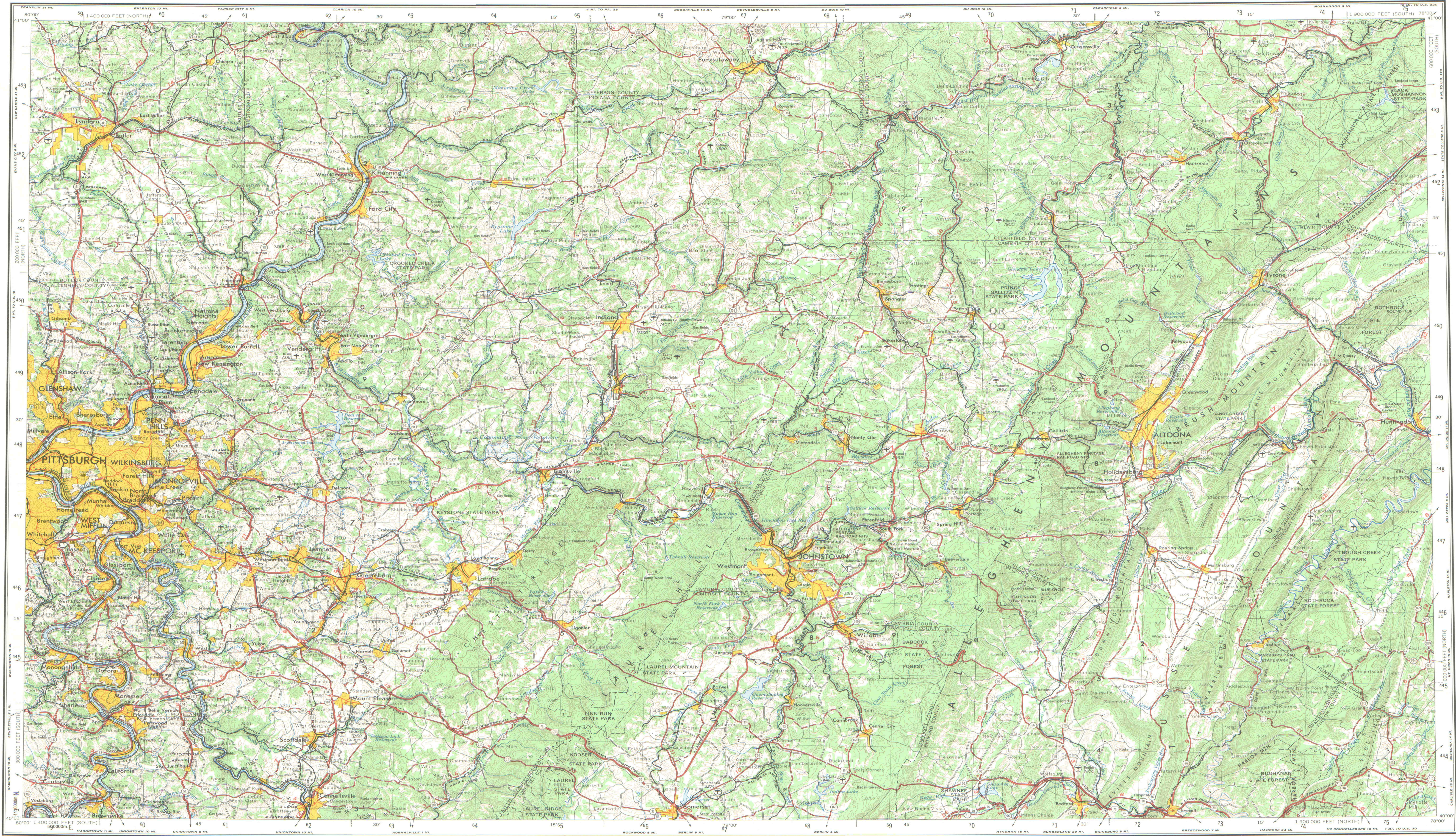




V501, EDITION 5

Prepared by the U.S. Army Topographic Command (HYLD), Washington, D.C. Compiled in 1959 by photogrammetric methods and from United States quadrangles, 1:24,000 and 1:25,000, 1948-54. Planimetry revised from aerial photographs taken 1958. Photographs filed annotated 1958. Revised by the U.S. Geological Survey 1965.

Area covered by dashed blue pattern is subject to controlled inundation 100,000-foot grids based on Pennsylvania coordinate system, south and north zones

Location of geodetic control established by government agencies is shown on corresponding 1:250,000-scale Geodetic Control Diagram

LEGEND

Figures in red denote approximate distances in miles between stars

POPULATED PLACES

Over 500,000
100,000 to 500,000
25,000 to 100,000
5,000 to 25,000
1,000 to 5,000
Less than 1,000

RAILROADS

Standard gauge
Narrow gauge
Interchange
Bar Harbor

ROADS

Primary, all-weather, hard surface
Secondary, all-weather, hard surface
Light-duty, all-weather, improved surface
Fair or dry weather, unimproved surface
Trail
Interchange

BOUNDARIES

International
State
County
Park or reservation

Landmarks: School; Church; Other

Strip mines
Spot elevation in feet
Marsh or swamp
Intermittent or dry stream
Power line

Scale 1:250,000

0 5 10 15 20 25 30 Kilometres

0 5 10 15 20 25 30 Nautical Miles

CONTOUR INTERVAL 100 FEET

WITH SUPPLEMENTARY CONTOURS AT 50 FOOT INTERVALS

TRANSVERSE MERCATOR PROJECTION

BLACK NUMBERED LINES INDICATE THE 10,000 METRE UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR GRID, ZONE 17

1965 MAGNETIC DECLINATION FROM TRUE NORTH FOR THIS SHEET VARIES FROM 5° (90 MILS) WESTERLY FOR THE CENTER OF THE WEST EDGE TO 7° (120 MILS) WESTERLY FOR THE CENTER OF THE EAST EDGE.

FOR SALE BY U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, RESTON, VIRGINIA 22092

LOCATION DIAGRAM

TO GIVE A STANDARD REFERENCE ON THIS SHEET TO NEAREST 1000 METERS

GRID ZONE DESIGNATION: 17T

100,000 M. SQUARE IDENTIFICATION

SAMPLE POINT IDENTIFICATION

1. Read letters identifying 100,000 meter square in which the point lies.

2. Locate first VERTICAL grid line to LEFT of point and read LARGE figure labeling the line within the top or bottom margin, or on the line itself.

3. Locate first HORIZONTAL grid line BELOW point and read LARGE figure labeling the line within the left or right margin, or on the line itself.

4. Estimate tenths from grid line to point.

SAMPLE REFERENCE:

If reporting beyond 18° in any direction, prefix Grid Zone Designation, as:

17T PQ8586

PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

1958
REVISED 1969

IMAPS-# 11301

STOCK NO. J501XNK1712*05