HAZUS-MH: Flood Event Report

Region Name:	PhiladelphiaMR2
Flood Study Case:	PhiladelphiaMR2
Print Date:	Tuesday, January 23, 2007

Disclaimer:

The estimates of social and economic impacts contained in this report were produced using HAZUS loss estimation methodology software which is based on current scientific and engineering knowledge. There are uncertainties inherent in any loss estimation technique. Therefore, there may be significant differences between the modeled results contained in this report and the actual social and economic losses following a specific Flood. These results can be improved by using enhanced inventory data and flood hazard information.

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HAZUS is a regional multi-hazard loss estimation model that was developed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the National Institute of Building Sciences (NIBS). The primary purpose of HAZUS is to provide a methodology and software application to develop multi-hazard losses at a regional scale. These loss estimates would be used primarily by local, state and regional officials to plan and stimulate efforts to reduce risks from multi-hazards and to prepare for emergency response and recovery.

The flood loss estimates provided in this report were based on a region that included 1 county(ies) from the following state(s):

- Pennsylvania

Note:

Appendix A contains a complete listing of the counties contained in the region.

The geographical size of the region is 135 square miles and contains 17,199 census blocks. There are over 590 thousand households in the region and has a total population of 1,517,550 people (2000 Census Bureau data). The distribution of population by State and County for the study region is provided in Appendix B.

There are an estimated 402,518 buildings in the region with a total building replacement value (excluding contents) of 93,747 million dollars (2002 dollars). Approximately 98.52% of the buildings (and 82.62% of the building value) are associated with residential housing.

General Building Stock

HAZUS estimates that there are 402,518 buildings in the region which have an aggregate total replacement value of 93,747 million (2002 dollars). Table 1 and Table 2 present the relative distribution of the value with respect to the general occupancies by Study Region and Study Case respectively. Appendix B provides a general distribution of the building value by State and County.

Occupancy	Exposure (\$1000)	Percent of Total
Residential	77,454,607	82.6%
Commercial	12,125,939	12.9%
Industrial	1,586,024	1.7%
Agricultural	33,991	0.0%
Religion	1,222,109	1.3%
Government	189,629	0.2%
Education	1,134,786	1.2%
Total	93,747,085	100.00%

Table 1
Building Exposure by Occupancy Type for the Study Region

Table 2
Building Exposure by Occupancy Type for the Study Case

Occupancy	Exposure (\$1000)	Percent of Total		
Residential	4,937,212	71.3%		
Commercial	1,543,203	22.3%		
Industrial	249,306	3.6%		
Agricultural	902	0.0%		
Religion	66,425	1.0%		
Government	22,643	0.3%		
Education	106,479	1.5%		
Total	6,926,170	100.00%		

Essential Facility Inventory

For essential facilities, there are 36 hospitals in the region with a total bed capacity of 9,447 beds. There are 521 schools, 9 fire stations, 28 police stations and no emergency operation centers.

HAZUS used the following set of information to define the flood parameters for the flood loss estimate provided in this report.

Study Region Name:	PhiladelphiaMR2
Scenario Name:	PhiladelphiaMR2
Return Period Analyzed:	500
Analysis Options Analyzed:	0

General Building Stock Damage

HAZUS estimates that about 4,638 buildings will be at least moderately damaged. This is over 40% of the total number of buildings in the region. There are an estimated 2,387 buildings that will be completely destroyed. The definition of the 'damage states' is provided in Volume 1: Chapter 6 of the HAZUS Flood technical manual. Table 3 below summarizes the expected damage by general occupancy for the buildings in the region. Table 4 summarizes the expected damage by general building type.

	1-	10	11-2	20	21-3	30	31-4	40	41-5	0	Substant	ially
Occupancy	Count	: (%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)
Agriculture	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Commercial	21	61.76	3	8.82	1	2.94	3	8.82	0	0.00	6	17.65
Education	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Government	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	1 1	00.00
Industrial	1	33.33	1	33.33	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	1	33.33
Religion	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Residential	1,470	16.92	1,755	20.20	1,386	15.95	1,077	12.40	620	7.14	2,379	27.39
Total	1,492		1,759		1,387		1,080		620		2,387	

Table 3: Expected Building Damage by Occupancy

Building	1-10)	11-20		21-30		31-40)	41-	50	Substant	ially
Туре —	Count	(%)	Count	(%)								
Concrete	2	33.33	1	16.67	0	0.00	1	16.67	1	16.67	1	16.67
ManufHousing	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Masonry	488	16.86	587	20.28	456	15.76	357	12.34	207	7.15	799	27.61
Steel	13	52.00	4	16.00	0	0.00	2	8.00	0	0.00	6	24.00
Wood	981	16.97	1,163	20.12	928	16.05	720	12.45	411	7.11	1,578	27.30

Before the flood analyzed in this study case, the region had 0 hospital beds available for use. On the day of the study case flood event, the model estimates that 0 hospital beds are available in the region.

Table 5: Expected Damage to Essential Facilities

			# Facilities	
Classification	Total	At Least Moderate	At Least Substantial	Loss of Use
Fire Stations	9	0	0	0
Hospitals	36	0	0	0
Police Stations	28	0	0	0
Schools	521	0	0	0

If this report displays all zeros or is blank, two possibilities can explain this.

(1) None of your facilities were flooded. This can be checked by mapping the inventory data on the depth grid.

(2) The analysis was not run. This can be tested by checking the run box on the Analysis Menu and seeing if a message box asks you to replace the existing results.

Debris Generation

HAZUS estimates the amount of debris that will be generated by the flood. The model breaks debris into three general categories: 1) Finishes (dry wall, insulation, etc.), 2) Structural (wood, brick, etc.) and 3) Foundations (concrete slab, concrete block, rebar, etc.). This distinction is made because of the different types of material handling equipment required to handle the debris.

The model estimates that a total of 307,429 tons of debris will be generated. Of the total amount, Finishes comprises 42% of the total, Structure comprises 34% of the total. If the debris tonnage is converted into an estimated number of truckloads, it will require 12,297 truckloads (@25 tons/truck) to remove the debris generated by the flood.

Social Impact

Shelter Requirements

HAZUS estimates the number of households that are expected to be displaced from their homes due to the flood and the associated potential evacuation. HAZUS also estimates those displaced people that will require accommodations in temporary public shelters. The model estimates 15,917 households will be displaced due to the flood. Displacement includes households evacuated from within or very near to the inundated area. Of these, 46,386 people (out of a total population of 1,517,550) will seek temporary shelter in public shelters.

The total economic loss estimated for the flood is 1,506.17 million dollars, which represents 21.56 % of the total replacement value of the study case buildings.

Building-Related Losses

The building losses are broken into two categories: direct building losses and business interruption losses. The direct building losses are the estimated costs to repair or replace the damage caused to the building and its contents. The business interruption losses are the losses associated with inability to operate a business because of the damage sustained during the flood. Business interruption losses also include the temporary living expenses for those people displaced from their homes because of the flood.

The total building-related losses were 1,207.75 million dollars. 20% of the estimated losses were related to the business interruption of the region. The residential occupancies made up 65.44% of the total loss. Table 6 below provides a summary of the losses associated with the building damage.

Area	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Others	Total
SS					
Building	606.06	68.40	12.88	4.01	691.34
Content	333.14	130.50	32.15	12.22	508.01
Inventory	0.00	3.61	4.74	0.04	8.39
Subtotal	939.20	202.52	49.77	16.26	1,207.75
terruption					
Income	0.00	91.36	0.82	3.82	96.00
Relocation	33.39	17.44	0.66	1.71	53.19
Rental Income	13.04	12.97	0.17	0.50	26.67
Wage	0.00	82.00	1.41	39.15	122.56
Subtotal	46.42	203.77	3.05	45.18	298.42
Total	985.62	406.29	52.82	61.44	1,506.17
	SS Building Content Inventory Subtotal iterruption Income Relocation Rental Income Wage Subtotal	SS 606.06 Content 333.14 Inventory 0.00 Subtotal 939.20 Iterruption 1 Income 0.00 Relocation 33.39 Rental Income 13.04 Wage 0.00 Subtotal 46.42	SS Building 606.06 68.40 Content 333.14 130.50 Inventory 0.00 3.61 Subtotal 939.20 202.52 Iterruption Income 0.00 91.36 Relocation 33.39 17.44 Rental Income 13.04 12.97 Wage 0.00 82.00 Subtotal 46.42 203.77	SS Building 606.06 68.40 12.88 Content 333.14 130.50 32.15 Inventory 0.00 3.61 4.74 Subtotal 939.20 202.52 49.77 Income 0.00 91.36 0.82 Relocation 33.39 17.44 0.66 Rental Income 13.04 12.97 0.17 Wage 0.00 82.00 1.41 Subtotal 46.42 203.77 3.05	SS Building 606.06 68.40 12.88 4.01 Content 333.14 130.50 32.15 12.22 Inventory 0.00 3.61 4.74 0.04 Subtotal 939.20 202.52 49.77 16.26 Iterruption Income 0.00 91.36 0.82 3.82 Relocation 33.39 17.44 0.66 1.71 Rental Income 13.04 12.97 0.17 0.50 Wage 0.00 82.00 1.41 39.15 Subtotal 46.42 203.77 3.05 45.18

Table 6: Building-Related Economic Loss Estimates

(Millions of dollars)

Appendix A: County Listing for the Region

Pennsylvania

- Philadelphia

Appendix B: Regional Population and Building Value Data

		Building Value (thousands of dollars)		
	Population	Residential	Non-Residential	Total
Pennsvlvania				
Philadelphia	1,517,550	77,454,607	16,292,478	93,747,085
Total State	1,517,550	77,454,607	16,292,478	93,747,085
Total Study Region	1,517,550	77,454,607	16,292,478	93,747,085